## **Deloitte**<sub>®</sub>



SAI GON – HA NOI COMMERCIAL JOINT STOCK BANK (Incorporated in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam)

## REVIEWED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the 6-month period ended 30 June 2023

In accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to credit institutions in Vietnam and legal regulations relating to interim consolidated financial reporting



# ON NAME (A)

#### SAIGON – HANOI COMMERCIAL JOINT STOCK BANK

No. 77 Tran Hung Dao, Tran Hung Dao Ward Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, S.R. Vietnam

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#### SAIGON - HANOI COMMERCIAL JOINT STOCK BANK

No. 77 Tran Hung Dao, Tran Hung Dao Ward Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, S.R. Vietnam

#### STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

The Board of Management of Saigon — Hanoi Commercial Joint Stock Bank (the "Bank") presents this report together with the Bank's interim consolidated financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2023.

The members of the Board of Directors, Board of Supervisors, and Board of Management and Chief Accountant of the Bank during the period and to the date of the interim consolidated financial statements are as follows:

#### **Board of Directors**

Mr. Do Quang Hien Chairman

Mr. Do Duc Hai Vice Chairman (appointed on 11 April 2023)
Mr. Do Quang Vinh Vice Chairman (appointed on 11 April 2023)
Mr. Vo Duc Tien Vice Chairman (resigned from 11 April 2023)

Mr. Thai Quoc Minh Member

Ms. Ngo Thu Ha Member (appointed on 11 April 2023)

Ms. Pham Viet Dan Member (appointed on 11 April 2023)

Mr. Nguyen Van Le Member (resigned from 11 April 2023)

Mr. Do Van Sinh Independent Member

Mr. Haroon Anwar Sheikh Independent Member (appointed on 11 April 2023)

#### **Board of Supervisors**

Mr. Pham Hoa Binh Head of Board of Supervisors

Ms. Le Thanh Cam Member
Mr. Vu Xuan Thuy Son Member

#### **Board of Management and Chief Accountant**

Ms. Ngo Thu Ha Chief Executive Officier Deputy General Director Mr. Le Dang Khoa Vice General Director Mr. Nguyen Huy Tai Ms. Ninh Thi Lan Phuong Vice General Director Ms. Hoang Thi Mai Thao Vice General Director Vice General Director Mr. Do Duc Hai Vice General Director Mr. Do Quang Vinh Vice General Director Mr. Luu Danh Duc

Mr. Tran Xuan Huy Vice General Director (appointed on 01 March 2023)

Ms. Ngo Thi Van Chief Accountant

#### SAIGON – HANOI COMMERCIAL JOINT STOCK BANK

No. 77 Tran Hung Dao, Tran Hung Dao Ward Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, S.R. Vietnam

#### STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT'S STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY

The Board of Management of the Bank is responsible for preparing the interim consolidated financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Bank as at 30 June 2023 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the 6-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to credit institutions in Vietnam and legal regulations relating to interim consolidated financial reporting. In preparing these consolidated financial statements, the Board of Management is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable accounting principles have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the interim consolidated financial statements;
- Prepare the interim consolidated financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate
  to presume that the Bank will continue its business; and
- Design and implement an effective internal control system for the purpose of properly preparing and presenting the interim consolidated financial statements so as to minimize errors and frauds.

The Board of Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept, which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Bank, and that the interim consolidated financial statements comply with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to credit institutions in Vietnam and legal regulations relating to interim financial reporting. The Board of Management is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Bank and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of frauds and other irregularities.

The Board of Management confirms that the Bank has complied with the above requirements in preparing these interim consolidated financial statements.

Tand repetalf of the Board of Management,

NGÂN HÀNG THƯƠNG MẠT CỔ PHÂN SÀI GÒN-HÀNỐI

Chief Executive Officier

Hanoi, 25 August 2023



## **Deloitte**



Deloitte Vietnam Audit Co., Ltd

15<sup>th</sup> Floor, Vinaconex Tower, 34 Lang Ha Street, Lang Ha Ward, Dong Da District, Hanoi, Vietnam

Tel: +84 24 7105 0000 Fax: +84 24 6288 5678 www.deloitte.com/vn

No.: 0246/VN1A-HN-BC

#### REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To: The Shareholders

The Board of Directors and the Board of Management

Saigon - Hanoi Commercial Joint Stock Bank

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements of Sai Gon – Hanoi Commercial Joint Stock Bank (the "Bank"), prepared on 25 August 2023 as set out from page 05 to page 53, which comprise the interim consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the interim consolidated income statement and the interim consolidated cash flow statement for the 6-month period then ended, and notes to the interim consolidated financial statements.

#### **Board of Management's Responsibility**

The Bank's Board of Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to credit institutions in Vietnam and legal regulations relating to interim financial reporting and for such internal control as the Board of Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of interim consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this accompanying interim consolidated financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standard on Review Engagements No. 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.

A review of interim consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Bank as at 30 June 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the 6-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to credit institutions in Vietnam and legal regulations relating to interim consolidated financial reporting.

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## SON KIỆM (S)

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#### REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### Others

The Bank's consolidated financial statements for period ended 31 December 2022 is audited by another independent audit firm, for the financial statements signed on 22 March 2023 gives an unqualified opinion.

The Bank's interim consolidated financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2022 is reviewed by another independent audit firm, for the financial statements signed on 25 August 2022 gives an unqualified



**Vice General Director** 

Audit Practising Registration Certificate No. 0891-2023-001-1

DELOITTE VIETNAM AUDIT COMPANY LIMITED

25 August 2023 Hanoi, S.R. Vietnam

#### SAIGON – HANOI COMMERCIAL JOINT STOCK BANK

No. 77 Tran Hung Dao, Tran Hung Dao Ward Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, S.R. Vietnam FORM B02a/TCTD-HN Issued under Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014 of the SBV

#### INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2023

Unit: VND Million

NO.	ITEMS	Notes	Closing balance	Opening balance
Α.	ASSETS		1,443,956	1,897,545
1.	Cash, gold and gemstones			
II.	Balances with the State Bank of Vietnam ("SBV")		30,143,998	15,145,862
111.	Placements with and loans to other credit institutions	5	68,922,397	63,008,862
1.	Placements with other credit institutions		52,826,350	52,456,685
2.	Loans to other credit institutions		16,215,209	10,651,971
3.	Provisions for credit losses		(119,162)	(99,794)
IV.	Trading securities	6	2,341	1,547
1.	Trading securities		3,881	3,881
2.	Provisions for impairment of trading securities		(1,540)	(2,334)
V.	Derivative financial instruments and other financial assets	7	145,447	269,772
VI.	Loans to customers		400,631,980	378,575,443
1.	Loans to customers	8	407,634,077	385,633,215
2.	Provisions for credit losses of loans to customers	9	(7,002,097)	(7,057,772)
VII.	Investment securities	10	33,700,784	32,954,676
1.	Available-for-sale investment securities	10.1	15,959,254	12,988,616
2.	Held-to-maturity investment securities	10.2	17,820,729	20,063,662
3.	Provisions for impairment of investment securities	10.4	(79,199)	(97,602)
VIII.	Long-term investments	11	410,293	46,699
1.	Investments in associates		335,900	-
2.	Other long-term investments		158,272	158,272
3.	Provisions for impairment of long-term investments		(83,879)	(111,573)
IX.	Fixed assets		4,997,949	4,954,396
1.	Tangible fixed assets		525,542	502,854
a.	Cost		1,304,008	1,287,149
b.	Accumulated depreciation		(778,466)	(784,295)
2.	Intangible assets		4,472,407	4,451,542
a.	Cost		4,789,988	4,772,975
b.	Accumulated amortisation		(317,581)	(321,433)
x.	Other assets	12	44,870,705	54,049,318
1.	Other receivables		24,533,451	37,702,381
2.	Interest and fee receivables		17,883,120	15,295,742
3.	Other assets		2,573,294	1,178,109
4.	Provisions for impairment of other assets		(119,160)	(126,914)
TOTA	AL ASSETS		585,269,850	550,904,120

FORM B02a/TCTD-HN

No. 77 Tran Hung Dao, Tran Hung Dao Ward Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, S.R. Vietnam Issued under Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014 of the SBV

#### INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

As at 30 June 2023

**Unit: VND Million** 

NO.	ITEMS	Notes	Closing balance	Opening balance
В.	LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY			
I.	Borrowings from the Government and the SBV	13	1,374,724	9,715,193
1.	Deposits and borrowings from the Government and the SBV		1,374,724	9,715,193
II.	Deposits and borrowings from other credit institutions	14	63,199,373	78,283,936
1.	Deposits from other credit institutions		54,969,288	72,871,039
2.	Borrowings from other credit institutions		8,230,085	5,412,897
ш.	Deposits from customers	. 15	409,618,315	361,675,593
IV.	Grants, trusted funds and borrowings at risk of the	16	1,452,356	1,615,605
IV.	credit institution	10	1,432,330	2,020,000
v.	Valuable papers issued	17	42,258,821	36,440,208
VI.	Other liabilities	18	19,752,719	20,269,114
1.	Accrued fee and interest expenses		13,322,073	9,069,320
2.	Deferred tax liabilities		34,242	30,233
3	Other payables and liabilities		6,396,404	11,169,561
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		537,656,308	507,999,649
VII.	Capital and reserves	20	47,613,542	42,904,471
1.	Contributed capital		32,118,175	32,118,175
a.	Charter capital		30,673,832	<i>30,673,832</i>
b.	Share premium		1,449,603	1,449,603
c.	Stock fund		(5,260)	(5,260)
2.	Reserves		4,042,005	4,061,834
3.	Foreign exchange reserves		(663,587)	(606,344)
4.	Retained earnings		12,116,949	7,330,806
тот	AL LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY		585,269,850	550,904,120

No. 77 Tran Hung Dao, Tran Hung Dao Ward Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, S.R. Vietnam FORM B02a/TCTD-HN Issued under Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN

dated 31 December 2014 of the SBV

#### INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

As at 30 June 2023

#### **OFF-BALANCE-SHEET ITEMS**

Unit: VND Million

NO.	ITEMS	Notes	Closing balance	Opening balance
1.	Credit guarantees		20,766	23,856
2.	Foreign exchange transactions commitments		9,356,888	38,872,143
	Buying foreign currency commitments	. •	947,564	6,324,654
	Selling foreign currency commitments		1,069,538	3,074,583
	Cross currency swap contracts		7,339,786	29,472,906
3.	Letters of credit		12,078,511	19,146,337
4.	Other guarantees		14,672,611	16,035,382
5.	Uncollected loan interest and fees		9,716,499	7,070,140
6.	Doubtful debts written-off		31,221,462	33,087,997
7.	Assets and other documents	•	2,358,560	4,156,915

Prepared by

Approved by

Approved by

800278630

Nguyen Thi Lien

**Head of Accounting and General** 

**Affairs Department** 

Ngo Thi Van

**Chief Accountant** 

Não 13 de Ha

Chief Executive Officier

25 August 2023

#### INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended 30 June 2023

**Unit: VND Million** 

NO.	ITEMS	Notes	Current period	Prior period
1.	Interest and similar income	21	29,119,918	19,289,005
2.	Interest and similar expenses	22	(19,168,388)	(10,872,859)
ı.	Net interest income		9,951,530	8,416,146
3.	Income from services		533,782	551,815
4.	Expenses on services		(182,163)	(171,708)
11.	Net profit from services		351,619	380,107
III.	Net gain from trading foreign currencies		129,400	77,341
IV.	Net gain from trading securities	23.1	794	-
٧.	Net gain/(loss) from investment securities	23.2	28,346	17,875
5.	Other operating income		167, <b>11</b> 3	525,009
6.	Other operating expenses		(21,533)	(69,715)
VI.	Net profit from other activities	24	145,580	455,294
VII.	Income from capital contribution, equity investments	25	684,523	2,083
VIII.	Operating expenses	26	(2,296,448)	(1,940,599)
IX.	Net profit from operating activities before credit provision expenses		8,995,344	7,408,247
х.	Provision expenses for credit losses		(2,911,094)	(1,631,384)
XI.	Profit before tax		6,084,250	5,776,863
7.	Current corporate income tax expense	27	(1,253,953)	(1,146,026)
8	Differed tax expense		2,356	5,638
XII.	Corporate income tax expense		(1,251,597)	(1,140,388)
XIII.	Profit after corporate income tax		4,832,653	4,636,475
XIV.	Basic earnings per share (VND)	28	1,335	1,281

Prepared by

Approved by

Approved by

NGÂN HÀNG THƯƠNG MẠI CỔ PHẦN

Nguyen Thi Lien

Head of Accounting and General

**Affairs Department** 

Ngo Thi Van

**Chief Accountant** 

**Chief Executive Officier** 

25 August 2023

Ngo Thu Ha

#### INTERIM CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 30 June 2023

Unit: VND Million

NO.	ITEMS	Current period	Prior period
CASI	H FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
01.	Interest and similar income received	26,504,317	14,921,663
02.	Interest and similar expenses paid	(14,915,635)	(10,405,828)
03.	Service income received	379,845	321,826
04.	Net cash received from trading foreign currencies, gold and securities	139,343	182,389
05.	Other expenses	14,829	22,152
	Receipts from debts written-off or paid off by risk fund	130,526	433,142
07.	Payments to employees and for operating management	(2,256,145)	(1,939,639)
08.	Corporate income tax paid	(2,024,665)	(485,656)
	Net cash from operating profit before movements in assets and working capital	7,972,415	3,050,049
	Movement in operating assets	(19,933,539)	(32,535,183)
09.	(Increase)/Decrease in deposits at and loans to other credit institutions	(5,665,086)	(3,235,587)
10.	Decrease in trading securities	(727,706)	(12,178,898)
11.	(Increase) in derivatives and other financial assets	124,324	252,448
12.	(Increase) in loans to customers	(22,000,863)	(10,258,779)
13.	(Decrease) in provisions for losses	(2,417,255)	(479,013)
14.		10,753,047	(6,635,354)
	Movement in operating liabilities	26,065,491	10,101,077
15.	(Decrease) in borrowings from the Government and the State Bank of Vietnam	(8,340,469)	(54,056)
16.	(Decrease)/Increase in deposits and borrowings from other credit institutions	(15,084,563)	5,451,526
17.		47,942,722	12,564,614
18.		5,818,613	(6,097,815)
19.		(163,249)	(3,178,785)
20.		-	67,287
21.	Increase/(Decrease) in other operating liabilities	(4,107,563)	1,348,306
l.	Net cash generated by/(used in) operating activities	14,104,367	(19,384,057)

No. 77 Tran Hung Dao, Tran Hung Dao Ward Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, S.R. Vietnam

Issued under Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014 of the SBV

#### **INTERIM CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Continued)**

For the year ended 30 June 2023

Unit: VND Million

NO.	ITEMS	Current period	Prior period
CAS	H FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
01.	Acquisition of fixed assets	(132,440)	(15,833)
02.	Proceeds from sales, disposals of fixed assets	225	14,628
03.	Proceeds from investments in other entities	836,888	6,000
04.	Dividends and profit received from long-term investments	3,333	2,083
	and capital contribution		
11.	Net cash (used in) investing activities	708,006	6,878
CAS	H FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
01.	Dividends paid	(9)	(111)
111.	Net cash (used in) financing activities	(9)	(111)
IV.	Net increase/(decrease) in cash	14,812,364	(19,377,290)
v.	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	69,500,092	71,809,167
VI.	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (Note 29)	84,312,456	52,431,877

Prepared by

Approved by

Nguyen Thi Lien

Head of Accounting and General

**Affairs Department** 

Ngo Thi Van

**Chief Accountant** 

Chief Executive Officier

25 August 2023

FORM B05a/TCTD-HN

No. 77 Tran Hung Dao, Tran Hung Dao Ward Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, S.R. Vietnam Issued under Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014 of the SBV

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes are an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying consolidated financial statements

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

#### **Establishment and Operation**

Saigon- Hanoi Commercial Joint Stock Bank ("the Bank") is a commercial joint stock bank incorporated and registered in Vietnam.

The Bank was established pursuant to the Banking License No. 0041/NH-GP issued by the State Bank of Vietnam ("SBV") on 13 November 1993 with the original name of Nhon Ai Rural Commercial Joint Stock Bank. The Bank was renamed as Saigon – Hanoi Commercial Joint Stock Bank under Decision No 1764/QĐ-NHNN dated 11 September 2009. The Bank successfully merged Hanoi Building Commercial Joint Stock Bank ("HBB") and Vinaconex – Viettel Finance Joint Stock Company ("VVF") into its operation in 2012 and 2017, respectively, which is in line with the Restructuring plan of the banking system in Vietnam. Currently, the Bank operates under the Establishment and Operation License No. 115/GP-NHNN dated 30 November 30 2018, issued by the State Bank of Vietnam which has been amended several times and the most recent adjustment is according to Decision No. 08/QD-NHNN dated 04 January 2023, and Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 1800278630 dated 10 December 1993 by the Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment which was amended for the 33rd time on 19 Huly 2023. The Bank's term of operation is 99 years since 13 November 1993.

The Bank was established to perform banking activities under its Establishment and Operation License and Enterprise Registration Certificate, including demand deposits, term deposits, savings deposits and other types of deposits; credit granting; opening current accounts for customers; supply of domestic payment services; opening accounts; organizing internal payment; participating in the national interbank payment system; conducting other business activities of commercial banks such as cash management services, banking and financial consultancy; services of managing, preserving assets, leasing cabinets, safe boxes; providing advisory services on business finance, enterprise acquisition, disposal, consolidation, merger, and investment; participating in bidding for Treasury bills, purchase and sale of negotiable instruments, Government bonds, Treasury bills, State Bank of Vietnam bills and other valuable papers on the monetary market; buying and selling Government bonds and corporate bonds; providing money brokerage services; issuing certificates of deposit, promissory notes, treasury bills and bonds to mobilize domestic and foreign capital according to the provisions of the Law on Credit Institutions, the Law on Securities, the Government's Law and guidance; borrowing capital from the State Bank of Vietnam in the form of refinancing; lending and borrowing capital from domestic and foreign credit institutions and financial institutions; capital contribution and sale; acting as trustor, trustee and agent in banking-related activities, insurance business and asset management according to the regulations of the State Bank of Vietnam; trading and providing foreign exchange services on the domestic and international market within the scope prescribed by the State Bank of Vietnam; supplying commodity derivative products; providing securities depository and gold trading services; debt purchasing activities; investment in Government bond futures contracts.

#### Charter capital

As at 30 June 2023, the Bank's charter capital was VND 30,673,832 million.

#### Locations and the Branch network

The Head Office of the Bank is located at No. 77 Tran Hung Dao Street, Tran Hung Dao Ward, Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam. As at 30 June 2023, the Bank had one (1) Head Office, fifty eight (58) branches and two hundred and five (205) transaction offices.

#### **Employees**

The total number of officers and employees of the Bank as of 30 June 2023 was 10,786 (as at 31 December 2022 was 9,504)

#### **Subsidiaries**

As at 30 June 2023, the Bank has eleven (03) subsidiaries as follows:

STT	Name	Established in accordance with Decision/License No.	Business sector	Proportion of ownership
1	Company Limited ("SHB	Registration Certificate No. 0103811666 by Hanoi Authority for Planning and Investment dated 04 May 2009 and the 5 <sup>th</sup> Amendment dated 25 June 2019	Debt and Asset management	100.00%
2	One Member Company	Registration Certificate No. 554/2018/VC-SHB.LAO by Central Bank of Lao PDR dated 08 July 2015 and 15 January 2016	Finance/Banking	100.00%
3	Saigon – Hanoi Bank Cambodia One Member Limited ("SHB Cambodia")	Banking License No. B.35 dated 31 October 2016 issued by the State Bank of Cambodia and Registration Certificate No. MOC-6193635 by Cambodia's Ministry of Commerce dated on 13 March 2017	Finance/Banking	100.00%

#### **Associates**

As at 30 June 2023, the Bank has one (01) associate as follows:

STT	Name	Established in accordance with Decision/License No.	Business sector	Proportion of ownership
1	SHB Finance Company Limited ("SHB FC")	Registration Certificate No. 21/GP-NHNN by the State Bank of Viet Nam dated 25 April 2023 and Registration Certificate No. 0107779290 by Hanoi Authority for Planning and Investment dated 28 March 2017, the 8 <sup>th</sup> amendment dated 4 July 2023	lending	50.00%

Resolution No. 29/NQ-HĐQT dated 25 August 2021 signed by the Bank's Board of Directors approved the Bank's transfer of its 100% ownership in SHB One Member Limited Finance Company, a subsidiary of the Bank. The capital transfer is divided into two phases. Currently, the Bank has completed the procedures for transferring 50% of charter capital to Ayudhya Public Bank Limited ("Krungsri") of Thailand – a member of MUFG Group (Japan). After 3 years of joint ownership of SHB FC, the Bank will transfer the remaining 50% of charter capital to Krungsri and Krungsri will become the sole owner of SHB FC. On 25 April 2023, SBV approved the License for Establishment and Operation of SHB Finance Company Limited No. 21/GP-NHNN (replacing the License No. 71/GP-NHNN for Establishment and Operation of SHB Finance Company Limited issued by the SBV dated on 11 November 2021) with an operation period of 50 years and the charter capital is VND 1,000,000 million. On 09 June 2023, the Hanoi Department for Planning and Investment issued the Registration Certificate No. 0107779290 which was amended in the 7th time, acknowledging that the list of capital contributors of SHB FC includes the Bank and Krungsri with the respective capital contribution ratio of 50%. As such, Krungsri has the right to appoint key management

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positions at SHB FC, through which exercising its right to control over SHB FC. At the moment the Bank assesses that it still has a significant influence on SHB FC's financial policy and operations. Therefore, the Bank recognizes its investment in SHB FC after divestment as investment in associate.

#### Disclosure of information comparability in the interim consolidated financial statements

The comparative figures of the interim consolidated statement of financial position and the corresponding notes are the figures of the audited consolidateed financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022. The comparative figures of the interim consolidated income statement, the interim consolidated cash flow statement and the corresponding notes are the figures of the reviewed interim consolidated financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2023.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING CONVENTION AND ACCOUNTING PERIOD

#### **Accounting convention**

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements, expressed in Vietnam Dong (VND), are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to credit institutions in Vietnam and legal regulations relating to interim consolidated financial reporting. However, due to the Bank's large scale of operation, for the purpose of preparing these interim consolidated financial statements, the figures are rounded to and presented in millions of Vietnam Dong (VND Million). This presentation does not materially impact the interim consolidated financial statements in terms of the financial position, the results of operations and cash flows of the Bank. Regarding the number of shares, the Bank presented the items in units as shown in Note 20.2 and Note 28.

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices which are generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam.

#### **Accounting period**

The Bank's financial year begins on 01 January and ends on 31 December. The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements were prepared for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2023.

#### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW GUIDELINES

#### Circular No. 02/2012/TT-NHNN dated on 23 April 2023

On 23 April 2023, the SBV issued Circular No. 02/2023/TT-NHNN ("Circular 02") restructuring debt repayment terms and maintaining debt categories at credit institutions and branches of foreign banks to assist disadvantaged customers. This circular took effective from 24 April 2023.

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Some major changes in this Circular that affect the Bank's interim consolidated financial statements for the accounting period include:

- Set the conditions of debts including the principal balance and/or interest with restructured repayment, and provide for the retention of the debt group and classification of debts after restructuring the debt repayment term;
- Regulate on provision for customers whose principal and/or interest balances are restructured in accordance with this Circular;

#### Circular No. 18/2022/TT-NHNN dated 26 December 2022

On 26 December 2022, the State Bank of Vietnam issued Circular No. 18/2022/TT-NHNN ("Circular 18") amendment, supplemented a number of articles of Circular No. 09/2015/TT-NHNN ("Circular 09") dated 17 July 2015 of the State Bank of Vietnam regulating purchase, sale of debts of credit institutions, branches of foreign banks. This circular took effective from 9 February 2023.

Some major amaendment in this Circular affecting the Bank's interim separate financial statements during the operation period include:

- Amending a number of articles of Circular 09 on the principles of buying and selling debts; valuation
  of the debt; management of purchased and sold debts and financial settlement, accounting for
  purchased and sold debts;
- Supplementing a number of articles of Circular 09 on buying and selling debts in case the debt buyer has not paid the full amount of debt purchase and managing monitoring in case of selling part of the debt or selling a debt to multiple debt buyers;
- Replacing some phrases, clauses, and articles of Circular 09.

The Bank has applied this Circular in its interim consolidated financial statements for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2023.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies which have been adopted by the Bank in the preparation of these interim consolidated financial statements, are as follows:

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, accounting regime applicable to credit institutions in Vietnam and legal regulations relating to financial reporting requires the Board of Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the interim condolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the operating period. Although these accounting estimates are based on the Board of Management's best knowledge, actual results may differ from those estimates and assumptions.

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the separate financial statements of the Bank and the financial statements of the enterprises/bank controlled by the Bank ("its subsidiaries") for the period ended 30 June 2023. Control is achieved when the Bank has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of investee enterprises so as to obtain benefits from their activities.

The operating results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used in line with those used by the Bank. All internal transactions and balances between the Bank and its subsidiaries and among subsidiaries are eliminated in the interim consolidated financial statements.

## SAIGON – HANOI COMMERCIAL JOINT STOCK BANK NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

In the period, the Bank divested part of capital invested in a subsidiary. After the divestment, the Bank lost control and this subsidiary became an affiliated company of the Bank. Therefore, investments in associates are presented using the equity method. The results of the divestment are recorded in the interim consolidated income statement according to current accounting regulations.

Non-controlling interests consist of the amount of those non-controlling interests at the date of the initial business combination and the non-controlling interests' share of changes in equity since the date of the combination. Losses in subsidiaries are respectively attributed to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

#### **Business combinations**

Upon acquisition, the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the subsidiaries are measured at their fair values at the date of acquisition. Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair values of the identifiable net assets acquired is recognized as goodwill. Any deficiency of the cost of acquisition below the fair values of the identifiable net assets acquired is credited to profit and loss in the year of acquisition.

The non-controlling interests are initially measured at the non-controlling shareholders' proportion of the net fair value of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognized.

#### **Investments in Associates**

An associate is an entity over which the Bank has significant influence but not a subsidiary or joint venture of the Bank. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee without the power to control or joint control over those policies.

The operating results, assets and liabilities of associates are consolidated in the interim consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under this method, an equity investment is initially recorded at cost and is subsequently adjusted to reflect by post-acquisition changes in the Bank's share of the net assets of the associates. The associate losses exceeding the Bank's capital contribution to that associate (including any long-term contributions, in substance, form part of the Bank's net investment in the associate) are not recorded.

In the situation that a Bank's subsidiary has conducted transactions with its associate, unrealised profits and losses resulting from these transactions should be eliminated from the consolidated financial statements proportionately to the extent of the Bank's contribution in the associate.

#### Foreign currencies

According to the Bank's accounting system, all the transactions are recorded at the original currencies. At the date of the interim consolidated financial statements, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into VND using the average buying and selling spot exchange rates at the close of business of the statement of financial position date, if the difference between this rate and the weighted average exchange rate of buying and selling of the same day is less than 1% (see details of exchange rates applied on 30 June 2023 at Note 35). In case the buying and selling spot exchange rate at the close of business of the statement of financial position date is greater than or equal to 1% compared with the weighted average of buying and selling spot exchange rate of the same day, the Bank uses the weighted average buying and selling spot exchange rates of the statement of financial position date for conversion. Income and expenses arising in foreign currencies of the Bank are converted into VND at exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. At the end of the period, exchange rate differences arising from revaluation of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies into VND are recorded in "Net gain/(loss) from foreign currency trading" in the consolidated income statement. At the mid-year, exchange differences are recorded in the interim consolidated income statement.

### SAIGON -- HANOI COMMERCIAL JOINT STOCK BANK NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The reporting currency of SHB Cambodia is the US Dollar. The reporting currency of the SHB Laos is the Lao Kip ("LAK"). For the purposes of consolidation under the equity method for the investment in associated companies in the consolidated financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiaries, assets and liabilities are converted into VND at the average exchange rate of buying and selling spot transfers at the end of the working day on the statement of financial position date, capital accounts are converted into VND at the exchange rate of the date on which the capital contribution transaction arises. Items in the interim consolidated income statement and cash flow statement are converted at the actual exchange rate at the time the transaction arises. Exchange rate differences arising from the conversion of the report to VND are recorded in the item "Foreign exchange differences" on the interim consolidated financial position and transferred to the interim consolidated income statement at the time of the investment disposal.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash, current accounts at the SBV, current accounts and time deposits for term of three months or less from the deposit date.

#### Placements with and loans to other credit institutions

Placements with and loans to other credit institutions are presented at their principal amounts outstanding at the end of the reporting period.

Placements with and loans to other credit institutions are classified and provisioned in accordance with Circular No. 11/2021/TT-NHNN dated 30 July 2021 ("Circular 11") issued by the SBV. Accordingly, the Bank makes specific provisions for deposits (except payment deposits) in other credit institutions, branches of domestic banks in accordance with the provisions of law and depositing money at foreign credit institutions and lending to other credit institutions in the same way as for customer loans.

#### **Derivatives**

#### Foreign currency forward and swap contracts

For foreign currency forward and swap contracts, the difference between equivalent VND amounts of foreign currency purchase/sale commitments using forward exchange rate and spot exchange rate as at effective date of the contract is recognized immediately at the effective date of the contract in lines "Interest and fee receivables" or "Interest and fee payables" in the interim consolidated statement of financial position. The difference is subsequently allocated to "Net gain/(loss) from foreign currency trading" item using straight-line method over the term of the contract.

As at the date of the interim consolidated financial statements, commitments of foreign currency forward contracts are revaluated and exchange differences arising from the revaluation of foreign currency denominated balances of forward contracts are recognized in the "Foreign exchange differences" item in the interim consolidated statement of financial position and will be recognized in the income statement at the end of the financial year.

#### Loans to customers

Loans to customers are disclosed and presented at their principal amounts outstanding at the end of the reporting period.

#### Provision for credit losses

Classification of loans and provision for credit losses

In accordance with Circular 11, credit institutions are required to implement loan classification and make credit risk provision. Loan classification and credit risk provisioning in compliance with Circular 11 are applied to Assets (hereinafter referred to as "debits") including:

- Loans:
- Financial leasing;
- Discounts, rediscounts of negotiable instruments and other valuable papers;
- Factoring;
- Credit facilities in the form of credit card issuance;
- Payments on behalf under off-balance-sheet commitments;
- Amounts for purchase and entrustment of purchase of corporate bonds (including bonds issued by credit institutes) which are unlisted on the stock market or unregistered to be traded in the Unlisted Public Company Market (UPCoM) (hereinafter referred to as unlisted bonds), excluding entrusted capital sources for purchase of unlisted bonds where the entrusting parties bear risks;
- Credit granting entrustment;
- Deposits (excluding current accounts and deposits at Social Policy Banks according to the SBV's regulations on the maintenance of deposit balances at social policy banks by state credit institutions) at credit institutions and branches of foreign banks in accordance with law and deposits at credit institutions abroad;
- Buying and selling debts in accordance with the SBV's regulations on debt purchase and sale activities;
- Resale and purchase of Government bonds on the stock market in accordance with the law on issuance, registration, depository, listing and trading of Government debt instruments on the stock market;
- Purchase promissory notes, bills and certificates of deposit issued by credit institutions and branches
  of other foreign banks.

Accordingly, customers' loans are determined to be in the highest risk group as classified under Article 10 and Article 11 of Circular 11 and customers' debt group by the Credit Information Center ("CIC") of the SBV provided at the time of loan classification.

The Bank and subsidiaries maintain the debt group for a number of loans according to the following regulations:

The Bank maintains the debt group for a number of loans as stipulated in Circular No. 10/2015/TT-NHNN dated 22 July 2015 guiding the implementation of some contents of Decree No. 55/2015/ND-CP dated 09 June 2015 of the Government on credit policies for agricultural and rural development; Circular No. 01/2020/TT-NHNN ("Circular 01") dated 13 March 2020 stipulating that credit institutions and foreign banks' branches restructure debt payment terms, exempt and reduce interest and fees, and maintain debt groups to support customers affected by the Covid-19 epidemic; Circular No. 03/2021/TT-NHNN ("Circular 03") dated 02 April 2021 amending and supplementing a number of articles of Circular 01; Circular No. 14/2021/TT-NHNN ("Circular 14") dated 07 September 2021 amending and supplementing a number of articles of Circular 01; Circular No. 02/2023/TT-NHNN ("Circular 02") dated 23 April 2023 stipulated that credit institutions and foreign banks' branches restructure debt payment terms and maintain debt groups to support clients' difficulties and documents of the SBV on debt classification and provision for risks.



- Circular No. B7.020.001.SRNN dated 27 March 2020 and Document No. B7.020.1748 Chh.Tor; Circular No. B7-021-002-CL dated 24 June 2021 of the National Bank of Cambodia on debt classification for customers affected by the Covid-19 epidemic; Document No. "Thor 7-020-055 Chhor.Tor" dated 06 January 2020 and Document No. "B7.021.2098 Chhor.Tor" dated 07 December 2021 of the Director General of the State Bank of Cambodia Supervision Department on debt classification for some customers:
- Decision No. 238/BOL dated 26 March 2020 of the Bank of the Lao PDR on debt classification for customers affected by the Covid-19 epidemic; Notification No. 172/BOL dated May 15 2017, of the Governor of the Central Bank of Lao PDR and other documents of the Central Bank of Laos on debt classification for some customers.

Loans are classified by risk level into: Standard, Special mention, Sub-standard, Doubtful and Loss. Loans classified as either Sub-standard, Doubtful or Loss are considered as bad debts. Loan classification and provision for credit losses will be made at the end of each month and recorded for accounting in the following month. Provision for credit risk on 30 June 2023 is recorded in the interim consolidated income statement for the reporting period incurred.

Net credit risk exposure for each item is calculated by subtracting from the remaining loan balance the discounted value of collateral which is subject to discount rates in accordance with Circular 11 from the remaining loan balance. Specific provision is made based on the net credit risk exposure of each item using the prescribed provision rates as follows:

Group	oup Category Provision ra		
1	Standard	0%	
2	Special-mentioned	5%	
3	Sub-standard	20%	
4	Doubtful	50%	
5	Loss	100%	

In accordance with Circular 03, the Bank should make a specific provision for customers whose debts are restructured or granted interest and fees exemption, or reduction as prescribed by this Circular as follows:

- Up to 31 December 2021: by at least 30% of the additional specific provision;
- Up to 31 December 2022: by at least 60% of the additional specific provision, and;
- Up to 31 December 2023: 100% of the additional specific provision.

According to Circular 02, the Bank should make specific provisions for customers whose debt balances are restructured in the debt repayment term as prescribed in this Circular as follows:

- Up to 31 December 2023: by at least 50% of the additional specific provision;
- Up to 31 December 2024: 100% of the additional specific provision.

The specific provision amount must be added according to Circular 03 and Circular 02.

In accordance with Circular 11, a general provision is made for credit losses which are yet to be identified during the loan classification and specific provisioning process as well as in cases where the Bank encounters potential financial difficulty due to the deterioration in loan quality. Accordingly, the Bank is required to fully make and maintain a general provision at 0.75% of total loans which are classified in group 1 to 4, except deposits at domestic credit institutions; loans and term purchases of valuable papers to credit institutions and other foreign bank branches in Vietnam; purchases of promissory notes, bills, certificates of deposit, bonds issued domestically by credit institutions and other foreign bank branches; and resale of Government bonds under Circular 11.



### SAIGON – HANOI COMMERCIAL JOINT STOCK BANK NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Subsidiales in the foreign countries classify debt and make provisions for credit risks according to Laws of the host country.

#### Write-off

Provision is recorded in the interim consolidated income statement as an expense and will be used to write off bad debts. Under Circular 11, the Bank must set up Risk Settlement Committee to write off bad debts if they are classified into Group 5, or if legal entity borrowers are liquidated or bankrupted, or if individual borrowers are deceased or missing.

#### Classification of off-balance-sheet commitments

The Bank classifies guarantee, acceptances of payment and unconditional, irrevocable loan commitments with specific effective date and other credit risk commitments (collectively referred to as "off-balance-sheet commitments") into groups as stipulated in Article 09, Article 10 or Article 11 of Circular 11. Accordingly, off-balance-sheet commitments are classified by risk level as follows: Standard, Special mention, Sub-standard, Doubtful and Loss.

The Bank does not make general and specific provisions for off-balance sheet commitments in accordance with the instructions in Circular 11.

#### Investments

#### Trading securities

Trading securities include debt securities that the Bank has bought and had the intention to sell in the near future in order to gain benefits from price differences. Trading securities are recognized at cost at the date of transaction and subsequently recorded at cost during the holding period. Interest and cash dividends received from trading securities are recognized on the cash basis in the interim consolidate income statement.

These securities are assessed impairment ability at the date of the interim consolidated financial statements. Provision for securities that are fallen within the scope of Circular 11 (see details in the accounting policy notes for "Provision for credit risks") are made in accordance with Circular 11. Provision for impairment of securities that are not fallen within the scope of Circular 11 are made when their carrying values are higher than their market values determined in accordance with prevailing accounting regulations. Provision for impairment is recognized in the interim consolidated income statement as "Net gain/(loss) from trading securities".

#### Investment securities

#### Available-for-sale investment securities

Available-for-sale investment securities include debt and equity securities that the Bank and/ or subsidiaries hold less than 11% of voting rights for investment and ready-for-sale purposes. These securities are not frequently traded but can be sold at any time once they are profitable, and the Bank and/ or subsidiaries are neither the founding shareholder/strategic partner nor capable of controlling, to some extent, the process of initiating and approving financial and operational policies of the investee, which is evidenced by a written agreement on delegating personnel for representation in the Board of Directors/Board of Management.

Capital securities are recorded at cost on the transaction date and are always reflected at the original price during the subsequent holding period.

Available-for-sale debt securities are initially recognized at par value at the transaction date. Accrued interest before the acquisition date (for debt securities with interest payment in arrears) or interest income received upfront awaiting amortisation (for debt securities with interest payment in advance) is recorded in a seperate account. Any discount or premium, which is the difference between the cost and the amount equal to par value plus (+) accrued interest before the acquisition date (if any) or minus (-) interest received upfront awaiting amortisation (if any), is also recorded in a seperate account.

During the term of those securities, available-for-sale investment securities are recorded at par value minus/plus remaining discount/premium after being amortised into the interim consolidated income statement using the straight-line method over the remaining term of securities. Interest payment in arrears is recorded as follows: accumulative interest income before the purchasing date is deducted from the cost of such securities and the same amount is credited into the accrued interest income; accumulative interest income after the purchasing date is recognised as the Bank's income on an accrual basis. Interest received upfront is amortised into the interest income from securities investment on the straight-line method over the investment period.

Periodically, available-for-sale securities are subject to impairment review. Provision for securities that are fallen within the scope of Circular 11 (see details in the accounting policy notes for "Provision for credit risks") are made in accordance with Circular 11. Provision for impairment of securities that are not fallen within the scope of Circular 11 are made when their carrying values are higher than their market values determined in accordance with prevailing accounting regulations. Provision for impairment is recognized in the interim consolidated income statement as "Net gain/(loss) from investment securities".

#### Held-to-maturity investment securities

Held-to-maturity investment securities are debt securities that the Bank purchases for investment purpose to gain interest and the Bank has intention and ability to hold the securities until maturity. Held-to-maturity securities have determinable payments and fixed maturity dates. In case of being sold before maturity, they will be reclassified as trading or available-for-sale securities. Held-to-maturity investment securities are recognized similarly to available-for-sale debt securities.

Periodically, held-to-maturity securities are subject to impairment review. Provision for securities that are fallen within the scope of Circular 11 (see details in the accounting policy notes for "Provision for credit risks") are made in accordance with Circular 11. Provision for impairment of securities that are not fallen within the scope of Circular 11 are made when their carrying values are higher than their market values determined in accordance with prevailing accounting regulations. Provision for impairment is recognized in the interim consolidated income statement as "Net gain/(loss) from investment securities".

#### Reclassification

According to Official Letter No. 2601/NHNN-TCKT dated 14 April 2009 by the SBV, reclassification after transaction date is made only once for each item of investment securities. In special cases or in case a large number of securities has to be reclassified (greater than or equal to 50% of total value of the portfolio), the Bank will disclose the effect of reclassification on total assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses of the Bank in the interim consolidated financial statements.

#### Other long-term investments

Other long-term investments represent the Bank's capital investments in other enterprises at which the Bank either owns less than 11% of the voting rights or is a founding shareholder; or a strategic partner; or is capable of controlling, to some extent, the process of initiating and approving financial and operating policies of the investees, which is evidenced by a written agreement on delegating personnel for representation in the Board of Directors/Board of Management. The investments are initially recognized at cost at the transaction date and always carried at that cost during the subsequent holding period.

#### Provision for impairment of investments

Provision for impairment of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures, associates and other long-term investments is made when the investee is operating at loss in accordance with prevailing accounting regulations.

Provision for impairment of long-term investments is recognized as an operating expense in the interim consolidated income statement. In case an investment is made in listed shares, or the fair value of an investment is reliably determined, the provision is made based on the market value of the stock (similar to the provision for impairment of trading securities).

#### Recognition

The Bank recognizes investment securities and other investments at the date when contracts are signed and effective (transaction-date based policy). Investment securities and other investments are initially recognized at cost. After initial recognition, investment securities and other investments are recognized under the above accounting policies.

#### Derecognition

Investments in securities are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments end or when the Bank transfers to the buyer the significant risks and rewards associated with the ownership of the investments.

#### Trust activities and trusted funds

The value of trusted funds is recorded when the trust contracts have been signed and trusted funds have been realised. Rights and obligations of the trustor and trustee relating to profit and profit sharing, trust fee, other rights and obligations are following the terms of the signed contracts. The assets that are held under custody services are not considered as assets of the Bank and therefore, they are not recognized in the interim consolidated financial statements of the Bank.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of tangible fixed asset comprises all the Bank's purchase price plus any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to the working condition for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements and renewals are capitalized and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to the interim consolidated income statement when incurred. When assets are sold or disposed, their cost and accumulated depreciation are written off from the interim consolidated statement of financial position and any gains or losses resulting from their disposals are recorded in the interim consolidated income statement.

#### Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. The cost of an intangible asset comprises all the Bank's expenditures paid to acquire the asset until it is put into use.

Expenditures for improvements and renewals are capitalized. Costs related to intangible fixed assets incurred after the initial recognition are measured reliably, increasing the economic benefits of intangible fixed assets compared to the initial activity, which is reflected in the increase in the cost of the asset. Other expenditures are charged to the interim consolidated income statement when incurred. When intangible assets are sold or disposed, their cost and accumulated amortisation are written off from the interim consolidated statement of financial position and any gains or losses resulting from their disposals are recorded in the interim consolidated income statement.

#### Leasing

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards to lessee. All leases other than finance leases are classified as operating leases.

A lease is classified as an operating lease when the lessor retains most of the benefits and bears the risk of ownership of the property. Operating leases are not recognized on the interim consolidated financial position statement. Lease payable is recorded on a straight-line method in the "Operating Expenses" item during the lease term.

#### Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization of tangible fixed assets and intangible assets are calculated on a straightline basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Estimated useful lives</u>		
	(Years)		
Buildings and structures	25		
Machinery and equipment	03 - 05		
Motor vehicles	06 - 10		
Management tools and equipment	03 - 07		
Other tangible fixed assets	04 - 07		
Computer software	03 - 08		
Other intangible assets	04 - 10		

The cost of the land use rights is not amortized if it is granted by the Government of Vietnam for an indefinite term. The cost of the land use rights with definite term is amortized over the granted term from 30 - 46 years.



#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments include actual expenses that have arisen but are related to the results of production and business activities of many accounting periods. Prepayments comprise prepaid office rentals and other prepaid expenses.

Office rentals represent the amounts which have been paid in advance. Prepaid office rental is charged to the interim consolidated income statement using the straight-line method over the rental period.

Other prepayments include repair, maintenance costs for assets, costs of tools and supplies issued for consumption, which are expected to provide future economic benefits to the Bank. These expenses are capitalized as prepayments and are allocated to the interim consolidated income statement using the straight-line method over the period of one year or more, but not exceeding three years in accordance with prevailing accounting regulations.

#### Receivables

Receivables other than those from credit activities in the Bank's operation are initially recognized at cost and subsequently recorded at cost. Other receivables are subject to impairment review based on the overdue status or based on the expected loss for the following cases: institutional debtors who have fallen into bankruptcy or have been in the process of dissolution; or individual debtors who are missing, escaping, prosecuted, on trial or passed away even though receivables are not overdue. Provision expense incurred is recorded as "Operating expenses" in the interim consolidated income statement during the period.

Provision rates for overdue receivables are applied in accordance with the prevailing accounting regulations.

#### Other provisions

Other provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present obligation due to a past event, and it is probable that the Bank will be required to settle that obligation. Other provisions are measured at the Board of Management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the accounting period.

#### Capital and reserves

#### Common shares

Common shares are classified as owners' equity.

#### Share premium

When capital is received from shareholders, the difference between selling price and par value is recorded as share premium in owners' equity. Incurred expenses that directly relate to the issuance of common shares are recognized as a decrease in share premium.

#### Treasury shares

When issued shares are repurchased, the aggregate amount paid, including expenses that directly relate to the repurchase of shares, after deducting taxes, is recorded as treasury shares, and stated as a decrease in owners' equity.

## SAIGON -- HANOI COMMERCIAL JOINT STOCK BANK NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### Reserves

Reserves are used for specific purposes and are appropriated from the Bank's profit after tax based on the regulated ratios in the following sequence:

- Charter capital supplementary reserve: 5% of profit after tax but not exceeding the Bank's charter capital;
- Financial reserve fund: 10% of profit after tax;
- Other reserves, if any, will be approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting:
- The reward and welfare fund shall be made according to the decision of the General Shareholders' Meeting.

The reserve funds at subsidiaries shall be made according to the Bank's policy, except for the following banks, which is in accordance with relevant laws:

- Saigon Hanoi Bank Laos Limited ("SHB Laos"): regulatory reserves, development investment and other fund under the amended Enterprise Law No. 46/NA dated 26 December 2013 and the amended Law on Commercial Banking in 2018 issued update by the Lao National Assembly on 07 December 2018 with the following ratios:
  - Regulatory reserve: 10% of profit after tax, maximum not exceeding 50% of charter capital of the Bank;
  - Development investment and other funds: according to the decision of the Board of Directors of SHB Laos.
- Saigon-Hanoi Bank Cambodia Limited ("SHB Cambodia"): there are no regulations on the appropriation of compulsory reserve funds and subject to owner's approval.

#### Revenue and expenses

#### Interest income and interest expense

Interest income and interest expenses are recognized in the interim consolidated income statement on the accrual basis. The accrued interest income arising from the loans that are classified from group 2 to group 5 in accordance with Circular 11, accrued interest income on loans restructured and maintained as Standard loan groups (group 1) as prescribed in Circular 01, Circular 03, Circular 14, Decree 55/2015/ND-CP dated 09 June 2015 and Circular 02 will not be recognized the interim consolidated income statement. Accrued interest income on such loans is recorded as an off-balance-sheet item and is only recognized in the interim consolidated income statement when it is actually received.

Income and expenses from interest on investments in securities are recorded on the accrual basis. Accrued interest income incurred from investment securities covered by Circular 11 classified up to group 2 or higher is not recognized in the interim consolidated income statement for the period. This income is recorded as an off-balance-sheet item and is only recognized in the interim consolidated income statement when it is actually received.

#### Income from service charges and commissions

Income from service charges and commissions is recognized on the accrual basis.

#### Income from guarantee and L/C commitment activities

Income from guarantee and L/C commitment activities is recognized on the accrual and allocation basis.

## SAIGON – HANOI COMMERCIAL JOINT STOCK BANK NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### Income from securities trading

Income from securities trading is determined based on the difference in selling price and cost price of securities.

#### Recognition of dividends and profits received

Cash dividends and profits received from investment and capital contributions activities are recorded in the interim consolidated income statement when the Bank's right to receive dividends and profits has been established. Share dividends, which are distributed from profits of joint stock companies, are recognized neither as an increase in the value of received shares nor financial income in the interim consolidated financial statements but are only used for tracking the increase in the number of shares according to Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 issued by the Ministry of Finance.

#### Revenue from other service

When the contract results can be determined reliably, revenue will be recognized based on the level of work completion. If the contract results cannot be determined reliably, revenue will only be recognized at the recoverable level of the recorded expenses.

#### Recognition of accrued income not yet collected

According to Circular No. 16/2018/TT-BTC dated 07 February 2018 issued by the Ministry of Finance, receivables recognized as accrued income but subsequently assessed to be not recoverable or not yet recoverable at the due date are recorded as reduction in revenue if the income has been accrued in the same financial year or recorded as other expenses if accrued in different financial year and monitored off-balance-sheet. Upon actual receipt of these receivables, the Bank recognizes them in "Other income" in the interim consolidated income statement.

#### Taxation

Corporate income tax expense represents the sum of the current income tax and deferred tax.

The current income tax is based on taxable profit for the period. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the interim consolidated income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods (including loss carried forward, if any) and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the interim consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences unless they occur from the initial recognition of an asset or liability of a transaction which has no impact on accounting profit or taxable profit/(loss) at the transaction date. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the liability is settled, or the asset is realized. Deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

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Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority and the Bank intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

The determination of the current corporate income tax expense is based on the current interpretation of tax regulations. However, these regulations are subject to periodic variation and their ultimate determination depends on the results of the tax authorities' examinations.

Other taxes are paid in accordance with the prevailing tax laws in Vietnam.

#### **Employee benefits**

#### Post-employment benefits

Retired employees of Bank and subsidiaries will receive retirement benefits from Social Insurance, an agency under the Government. The bank must pay social insurance premiums for each employee equal to 30% of the basic monthly salary, salary allowances and other supplements.

#### Severance allowance

According to Article 46 of Labour Law No 45/2019/QH14 which is effective on 1 January 2021, the Bank and its subsidiaries in Vietnam are responsible for paying a severance allowance equal to half of the month's salary for each working year for employees who have worked regularly for full 12 months or more to terminate the labor contract in accordance with the provisions of law (in Clauses 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9 and 10 Article 34 of the Labor Law), except for cases where they are eligible for pension in accordance with the law on social insurance and the case specified at Point e, Clause 1, Article 36 of the Labor Law 2019. The working time for calculating severance allowance is the total time the employee has actually worked for the employer minus the time the employee has participated in unemployment insurance in accordance with the law on unemployment insurance and the working time has been paid severance allowance by the employer, job-loss benefits. The salary for calculating severance allowance is the average salary of 06 preceding months according to the labor contract before the employee quits.

#### Unemployment insurance

According to the Circular No. 28/2015/TT-BLDTBXH dated 31 July 2015 of the Ministry of Labor - War Invalids and Social Affairs guiding the implementation of Article 52 of the Employment Law 2013 and Decree No. 28/2015/NĐ-CP of the Government dated 12 March 2015 regulating the implementation of the Law on unemployment insurance, from 01 January 2009, the Bank is obliged to pay unemployment insurance to eligible employees at 2% of their salary fund allocated for unemployment insurance.

#### Related parties

The parties are related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making decisions on financial and operating policies. A party is considered as a related party with the Bank if:

- (a) Directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, the party:
  - Controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control by the Bank (including the holding company and its subsidiaries);
  - Contributes capital to the Bank and therefore has significant influence over the Bank;
  - Has joint control over the Bank;
- (b) The party is a joint venture or an associate of which the Bank is a venturer or an investor;
- (c) The party has a key management personnel who is also a member of the Board of Directors, Board of Supervisors, and Board of Management of the Bank;
- (d) The party is a close member of the family of any individual referred to in (a) or (c); or
- (e) The party is an entity that is, directly or indirectly controlled, jointly controlled, or significantly influenced by, or of which, significant voting power in such entity resides with, any individual referred to in (c) or (d).

#### Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amounts are reported in the interim consolidated statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 5. DEPOSITS AND BORROWINGS FROM OTHER CREDIT INSTITUTIONS

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	million VND	million VND
Placements with other credit institutions		
Demand deposits	25,678,812	32,874,344
- In VND	24,877,634	31,980,505
- In foreign currencies	801,178	893,839
Term deposits	27,147,538	19,582,341
- In VND	21,898,000	19,510,000
- In foreign currencies	5,249,538	72,341
	52,826,350	52,456,685
Loans to other credit institutions		
- In VND	16,215,209	10,463,971
- In foreign currencies	-	188,000
- Provisions for credit losses	(119,162)	(99,794)
	16,096,047	10,552,177
Placements with and loans to other credit institutions	68,922,397	63,008,862



## SAIGON – HANOI COMMERCIAL JOINT STOCK BANK NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Analysis of placements with overseas credit institutions, deposits, and loans to other credit institutions by quality is as follows:

	_	Closing balance	Opening balance
		VND Million	VND Million
	Standard loans	43,720,465	30,406,367
	Loss loans	119,162	99,794
		43,839,627	30,506,161
6.	TRADING SECURITIES		
	_	Closing balance	Opening balance
		VND Million	VND Million
	Equity securities	3,881	3,881
	Equity securities issued by local business entities	3,881	3,881
		3,881	3,881
	Provisions for impairment of trading securities	(1,540)	(2,334)
	General provision	(1,540)	(2,334)
		2,341	1,547

#### 7. DERIVATIVES AND OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

Details of derivatives as at 30 June 2023 are as follows:

	Total contract value (at exchange rate at	Net book value (at exchange rate as at the reporting date)		
	the effective date of the contract)	Assets	Liabilities	Net amount
	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million
As at 30/06/2023				
- Forward contracts	2,010,618	146,761	(123,538)	23,223
- Swap contracts	7,345,947	4,601,551	(4,479,327)	122,224
	9,356,565	4,748,312	(4,602,865)	145,447
As at 31/12/2022				
- Forward contracts	9,183,413	101,170	(9,972)	91,198
- Swap contracts	29,471,074	349,570	(170,996)	178,574
	38,654,487	450,740	(180,968)	269,772

#### 8. LOANS TO CUSTOMERS

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND Million	VND Million
Loans to local business entities and individuals	407,579,989	384,788,544
Payments made on behalf of customers	52,758	843,341
Discounted bills and valuable papers	1,330	1,330
	407,634,077	385,633,215



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#### Analysis of loan portfolio by quality

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND Million	VND Million
Standard loans	383,940,362	368,044,572
Special-mentioned loans	11,391,931	6,735,687
Sub-standard loans	2,187,686	1,611,827
Doubtful loans	3,555,795	1,898,472
Loss loans	6,558,303	7,342,657
•	407,634,077	385,633,215

#### Analysis of loans portfolio by original term

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND Million	VND Million
Short-term loans (Up to 1 year)	188,203,725	180,372,262
Medium-term loans (From 1 to 5 years)	90,343,573	82,300,107
Long-term loans (Above 5 years)	129,086,779	122,960,846
	407,634,077	385,633,215

#### 9. PROVISIONS FOR CREDIT LOSSES ON LOANS TO CUSTOMERS

Movements in provisions for credit losses on loans to customers for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2023 are as follows:

	General provision  VND Million	Specific provision	VND Million
Opening balance	2,843,216	4,214,556	7,057,772
Provision made for the period	211,285	2,687,054	2,898,339
Provision used to write off bad debts	• •	(2,417,255)	(2,417,255)
Effect of divestment of SHB FC	(42,566)	(495,188)	(537,754)
Other adjustments	(196)	1,191	995
Closing balance	3,011,739	3,990,358	7,002,097

Movements in provisions for credit losses on loans to customers for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2022 are as follows:

	General provision	Specific provision	Total
	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million
Opening balance	2,697,260	1,940,256	4,637,516
Provision made for the period	82,654	1,494,214	1,576,868
Provision used to write off bad	-	(479,007)	(479,007)
Other adjustments	(557)	(411)	(968)
Closing balance	2,779,357	2,955,052	5,734,409

#### 10. INVESTMENT SECURITIES

10.2.

#### 10.1. Available-for-sale investment securities

Clasina balance	Onsvins balance
	Opening balance
VND Million	VND Million
15 030 001	12,959,163
• •	12,535,103
• •	-
300,000	300,000
10,161,717	12,659,163
29,453	29,453
796	796
28,657	28,657
(75,250)	(93,653)
(364)	(559)
(74,886)	(93,094)
15,884,004	12,894,963
-	
Closing balance	Opening balance
VND Million	VND Million
	29,453 796 28,657 (75,250) (364) (74,886) 15,884,004

#### 17,820,729 20,063,662 **Debt securities** Government bonds 17,130,873 18,687,126 850,000 Debt securities issued by other local credit institutions 163,320 526,536 Debt securities issued by local economic organisations 526,536 (3,949)Provisions for impairment of held-to-maturity (3,949)investment securities General provision (3,949)(3,949)17,816,780 20,059,713

#### 10.3. Quality analysis of securities classified as credit risk assets under Circular 11 based on their face values

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND Million	VND Million
Standard loans	10,983,429	14,089,030
	10,983,429	14,089,030

#### 10.4. Movements in provision for impairment of investment securities

Movements in provision for credit losses on investment securities for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2023 are as followed:

	Provision for ava		Provision for held-to-maturity investment securities	
	General provision	Provisions for impairment	General provision	Total
	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million
Opening balance	93,094	559	3,949	97,602
Provision (reversed) for the period	(18,208)	(195)	-	(18,403)
Closing balance	74,886	364	3,949	79,199

Movements in provision for credit losses on investment securities for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2022 are as followed:

	Provision for ava		held-to-maturity investment securities	
	General provision VND Million	Provisions for impairment VND Million	General provision VND Million	Total VND Million
Opening balance Provision made for the period	<b>41,517</b> 86,933	<b>400</b> 240	3,949 -	<b>45,866</b> 87,173
Closing balance	128,450	640	3,949	133,039

**Provision for** 

#### 11. CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION, LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND Million	VND Million
Investments in associates (11.1)	335,900	-
Other long-term investments (11.2)	158,272	158,272
Provisions for impairment of long-term investments (11.3)	(83,879)	(111,573)
(11.5)	410,293	46,699

#### 11.1. Investments in associates

	C	losing balance		0	pening balance	<u> </u>
			Proportion		Net value of	Proportion
	Cost in		of		investment	of
	original	Cost	ownership	Cost	using equity	ownership
	currency	equivalent	interest	equivalent	method	interest
	VND Million	VND Million	%	VND Million	VND Million	%
SHB Finance Company Limited	343,497	335,900	50	-	-	-
company contect		335,900				

#### 11.2. Other long-term investments

	Closing balance VND Million	Opening balance VND Million
Investments in economic entities Investments in financial institutions	114,258 44.014	114,258 44.014
investments in imancial institutions	158,272	158,272

#### 11.3. Provisions for impairment of long-term investments

	Closing balance VND Million	Opening balance VND Million
Opening balance	111,573	32,739
(Reversed) for the period	(27,694)	(1,047)
	83,879	31,692

#### 12. Other assets

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND Million	VND Million
Purchase of fixed assets and construction in progress	1,154,708	565,743
Receivables	23,378,743	37,136,638
In which:		
<ul> <li>Receivables from usance payable at sight letters</li> </ul>	8,328,581	17,034,245
of credit		
- Receivables from sales of bonds	3,276,541	<i>3,388,279</i>
- Receivables from sales of debts	<i>5,</i> 559,723	6,329,712
- Receivables from interbank fast fund transfers via	345,781	5,023,716
Napas		
- Receivables from customers under foreign	4,608,279	3,452,319
currency credit contracts - where the Bank is not		
exposed to risks		
- Other receivables	1,259,838	1,908,367
Interest and fee receivables	17,883,120	15,295,742
Other assets (12.2)	2,573,294	1,178,109
Provisions for impairment of other assets (12.3)	(119,160)	(126,914)
	44,870,705	54,049,318

#### 12.1. Quality analysis of other assets classified as credit risk assets

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND Million	VND Million
Standard loans	8,836,264	9,717,991
	8,836,264	9,717,991



#### 12.2. Other assets

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND Million	VND Million
Foreclosed assets awaiting resolution	1,021,965	53,141
Prepaid expenses	1,421,903	1,108,659
Other assets	129,426	16,309
,	2,573,294	1,178,109

#### 12.3. Provisions for impairment of other assets

	Closing balance	Opening balance	
	VND Million	VND Million	
Provisions for credit risk	66,272	72,885	
- General provision	<i>66,272</i>	72,885	
Provisions for impairment of other assets	52,888	54,029	
	119,160	126,914	

Movements in provisions for impairment of other assets for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2023 are as followed:

	General provision	Provision for bad debts	Total
	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million
Opening balance	72,885	54,029	126,914
Provision (reversed) for the period	(6,613)	(1,141)	(7,754)
Closing balance	66,272	52,888	119,160

#### 13. BORROWINGS FROM THE GOVERNMENT AND SBV

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND Million	VND Million
Borrowings from the SBV	1,374,724	9,715,193
Loans under credit contracts	1,374,724	1,413,078
Discounting and rediscounting valuable papers		8,302,115
	1,374,724	9,715,193

## SAIGON – HANOI COMMERCIAL JOINT STOCK BANK NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 14. DEPOSITS AND BORROWINGS FROM OTHER CREDIT INSTITUTIONS

#### Deposits from other credit institutions

15.

16.

	Closing balance	Opening balance
_	VND Million	VND Million
Demand deposits	25,761,740	28,502,733
- in VND	25,733,880	28,356,594
- In foreign currencies	27,860	146,139
Term deposits	29,207,548	44,368,306
- In VND	19,462,346	26,285,390
- In foreign currencies	9,745,202	18,082,916
_	54,969,288	72,871,039
Borrowing from other credit institutions		
	Closing balance	Opening balance
	million VND	million VND
- in VND	2,372,658	2,118,871
- In foreign currencies	5,857,427	3,294,026
	8,230,085	5,412,897
DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS		5,144,555
	Olasiaa kaleess	Ou audus halansa
*******	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND Million	VND Million
Demand deposits	24,886,841	25,701,591
- Demand deposits in VND	22,724,874	23,624,868
- Demand deposits in foreign currencies	2,161,967	2,076,723
Term deposits	383,112,801	334,037,088
- Term deposits in VND	375,595,381	326,721,890
- Term deposits in foreign currencies	7,517,420	7,315,198
Deposits for specific pupose	18,001	29,002
- Deposits for specific pupose in VND	2,297	6,078
- Deposits for specific pupose in foreign currencies	15,704	22,924
Margin deposits	1,600,672	1,907,912
<ul> <li>Margin deposits in VND</li> <li>Margin deposits in foreign currencies</li> </ul>	1,557,186 43,486	1,872,762 35,150
<del>-</del>	409,618,315	361,675,593
GRANTS, TRUSTED FUND AND BORROWINGS WHERE TH		
diants, mostes tons and sometimes timene in		
<u> </u>	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND Million	VND Million
Funds received from other organisations and individuals in VND	767,478	839,293
Funds received from other organisations and individuals in foreign currencies	684,878	776,312

### 17. VALUABLE PAPERS ISSUED

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND Million	VND Million
Valuable papers in VND	42,258,821	36,440,208
Par value	42,258,821	36,440,208
	42,258,821	36,440,208

### Details of the term of issued valuable papers:

Valuable papers		Certificate of	
• •	Book-entry bonds	deposit	Total
<del>-</del>	million VND	million VND	million VND
Closing balance			
Under 12 months	, -	15,110,000	15,110,000
- VND	-	15,110,000	15,110,000
From 12 months to under 5 years	4,900,000	1,300,150	6,200,150
- VND	4,900,000	1,300,150	6,200,150
Over 5 years	-	20,948,671	20,948,671
- VND	-	20,948,671	20,948,671
<del>-</del>	4,900,000	37,358,821	42,258,821
Opening balance			
Under 12 months	-	8,353,000	8,353,000
Par value	-	8,353,000	8,353,000
From 12 months to under 5 years	4,900,000	2,413,246	7,313,246
- VND	4,900,000	2,413,246	7,313,246
Over 5 years	-	20,773,962	20,773,962
- VND	-	20,773,962	20,773,962
-	4,900,000	31,540,208	36,440,208

### 18. OTHER PAYABLES AND LIABILITIES

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND Million	VND Million
Accrued fee and interest expenses	13,322,073	9,069,320
Deferred tax liabilities	34,242	30,233
Other payables and liabilities	6,396,404	11,169,561
In which:		
Internal payables	223,949	66,163
External payables	6,021,698	11,055,935
- Taxes and other payables to State Treasury (Note 19)	1,019,884	1,811,318
- payables on payment intermediaries and other liabilities	311,453	5,270,212
- Receipt of entrustment in foreign currencies	4,608,279	3,452,319
- Other payables	82,082	522,086
Bonus and welfare funds	150,757	47,463
<u> </u>	19,752,719	20,269,114

### 19/ ZEX/4/

### 19. THE BANK'S OBLIGATIONS TO THE STATE BUDGET

	Opening	Movement in	Closing		
	balance	Payable	Paid	balance	
_	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million	
Value added tax	8,423	37,334	41,728	4,029	
Corporate income	1,746,517	1,253,953	2,024,665	975,805	
tax					
Other taxes	56,378	263,207	313,776	5,809	
-	1,811,318	1,554,494	2,380,169	985,643	

### 20. CAPITAL AND RESERVES

20.1. Statement of changes in equity

			Total	VND Million		42,904,471	4,832,653	•	:	(105,000)			54,640			(60,518)		(12,704)	47,613,542
		Retained	earnings	VND Million		7,330,806	4,832,653	(10,472)		(105,000)			81,666			ı		(12,704)	12,116,949
•	Foreign	exchange	reserves	VND	Million	(606,344)	1	t		ı			ı			(57,243)		1	(663,587)
		Other	funds	VND	Million	1,022	ı	1	-	ı			•			•		•	1,022
•	Supplemental	capital	reserve	VND Million		1,345,048	•	5,236		•			(600'6)			(1,740)		- 1	1,339,535
,	S,	Financial	reserve fund	VND Million		2,670,379	•	•		•			(18,017)			I		•	2,652,362
Investment	and	sury development	fund	VND Million		45,385	ı	5,236		ı			1			(1,535)		•	49,086
		Treasury d	shares	VND	Million	(5,260)	1	1		1			1			1		1	(5,260)
		Share	premium	VND Million		1,449,603	•	•		•								•	1,449,603
		Charter	capital	VND Million VND Million		30,673,832	ı	1		1			1			1		1	30,673,832
						Opening balance	Profit for the period	Appropriation to	funds for the period	Appropriation to	bonus and welfare	funds (i)	Adjustments of funds	due to divestment of	SHB FC	Foreign exchange	difference	Others	Số dư cuối kỳ

Statement No. 01/TTr-HDQT dated 22 March 2023 of Board of Directors on the plan for profit distribution and appropriation to funds in 2022. Other funds under to equity have been fully appropriated in the audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2022. Appropriation to bonus and welfare funds according to Resolution No. 01/NQ-DHDCD of 2023 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders dated 11 April 2023 and Ξ

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### 20.2. Details of the Bank's shares

	Closing balance	Opening balance
Number of registered shares for issue (unit)	3,067,383,196	3,067,383,196
Number of shares sold to the public (unit)	3,067,383,196	3,067,383,196
- Ordinary shares (unit)	3,067,383,196	3,067,383,196
- Preference shares (unit)	-	-
Number of shares repurchased (unit)	496,186	496,186
- Ordinary shares (unit)	496,186	496,186
- Preference shares (unit)	· -	-
Number of shares in circulation (unit)	3,066,887,010	3,066,887,010
- Ordinary shares (unit)	3,066,887,010	3,066,887,010
- Preference shares (unit)	· · · · · -	-
Par value	10,000	10,000

### 20.3. Dividends

Resolution No. 01/NQ-DHDCD of 2023 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders dated 11 April 2023 approved the plan on 2022's profit distribution and appropriation to equity funds in according with Statement No. 01/TTr-HDQT dated 22 March 2023 of the Bank's Board of Directors, including the plan to issue shares to pay dividends to shareholders from undistributed profit after tax in 2022 at the ratio of 18%. According to Resolution No. 17/NQ/ HDQT dated 03 July 2023 of the Board of Directors, the last registration date to confirm the list of shareholders exercising the right to receive stock dividends in 2022 is on 25 July 2023. According to the Report on the results of the share issuance to pay dividends in 2022 No. 3853/CV-SHB dated 02 August 2023, the Bank distributed 552,014,917 shares.

### 21. INTEREST AND SIMILAR INCOME

	Current perioa	Prior perioa
	VND Million	VND Million
Interest from deposits	620,955	541,972
Interest from loans to customers	26,774,390	17,888,465
Interest from debt securities	1,560,205	745,699
- Interest from investment securities	1,560,205	745,699
Income from guarantee services	86,602	76,116
Other income from credit activities	77,766	36,753
	29,119,918	19,289,005

Current period

### 22. INTEREST AND SIMILAR EXPENSES

current perioa	Prior perioa
VND Million	VND Million
16,886,463	9,243,744
720,410	329,706
1,521,619	1,263,179
39,896	36,230
19,168,388	10,872,859
	VND Million 16,886,463 720,410 1,521,619 39,896

### 23. NET GAIN FROM TRADING SECURITIES AND INVESTMENT SECURITIES

### 23.1. Net gain from trading securities

	Current period	Prior period
-	VND Million	VND Million
Provision reversed for impairment of securities held for trading	794	
Net gain from securities held for trading	794	-

### 23.2. Net gain from investment securities

Current period	Prior period
VND Million	VND Million
65,248	228,659
(55,305)	(123,611)
18,403	(87,173)
28,346	17,875
	VND Million 65,248 (55,305) 18,403

### 24. NET GAIN FROM OTHER ACTIVITIES

	Current period	Prior period
	VND Million	VND Million
Other operating income	167,113	525,009
Income from recovery of bad debts	130,526	433,142
Income from other derivative instruments	-	1,515
Other income	36,587	90,352
Other operating expenses	(21,533)	(69,715)
Expense from other derivative instruments	-	(1,507)
Social welfare expenses	(3,936)	(36,522)
Other expenses	(17,597)	(31,686)
Net profit from other activities	145,580	455,294

### 25. INCOME FROM CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION AND EQUITY INVESTMENTS IN OTHER ENTITIES

	Current period VND Million	Prior period VND Million
Dividends received in cash from capital contribution, equity investments	3,333	2,083
- from equity investment securities	3,333	2,083
Income from capital contribution and long-term investments	688,787	-
Share from net profit under equity method of investments in associates	(7,597)	-
	684,523	2,083

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		Current period	Prior period
		VND Million	VND Million
	Taxes, fees, and charges	22,838	18,753
	Staff cost	1,487,521	1,282,032
	Expenses for fixed assets	279,789	234,804
	- Depreciation and amortisation expenses	52,393	38,717
	Expenses for operating management	338,658	252,795
	Insurance premium for customers' deposits	196,478	153,262
	Provision (reversed)/charged for provisions	(28,836)	(1,047)
	(excluding provisions for credit losses and provisions of securities)		
		2,296,448	1,940,599
27.	CURRENT CORPORATE INCOME TAX ("CIT") EXPENSE		
		Current period	Prior period
	_	VND Million	VND Million
	Profit before tax  Adjustments for:	6,084,250	5,776,863
	- Non-taxable dividend income	3,333	17,313
	- Profit before tax of subsidiaries	(14,342)	-
	- Adjustment of profit due to consolidated financial	68,087	-
	statements - Others	(2,730)	159,812
	Taxable income of the Holding Bank	6,029,902	5,599,738
	Income tax rate	. 20%	20%
	CIT expense of the Holding Bank based on	1,205,981	1,119,948
	local taxable income		
	CIT expense of subsidiaries	45,925	26,078
	CiT expense based on the taxable income	1,251,906	1,146,026
	Adjustment of CIT expense in the prior year into the current year	2,047	-
	Current tax expense	1,253,953	1,146,026
	Deferred income tax benefit	2,356	5,638
	Total CIT payables	1,251,597	1,140,388
28.	BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE		
	Profit for calculation of basic earnings per share		
		Current period	Prior period
		million VND	million VND
	Profit after corporate income tax	4,832,653	4,636,475
	Profit for the period attributable to equity holder	4,832,653	4,636,475

### Number of ordinary shares for calculation of basic earnings

According to VAS 30 – Earnings per share, the Bank retroactively adjusts "Basic earnings per share" for all reporting periods if the number of ordinary shares in circulation increased due to capitalization, issuance of bonus shares, stock splitting or decreased due to stock pooling, including changes occurring after the end of the accounting period but before the date of the interim consolidated financial statements. As a result, basic earnings per share for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2023 are restated because of the following events:

- According to Resolution No. 16/NQ-HDQT dated 20 June 2023, Board of Directors of the Bank decided to issue shares to pay dividends at the rate of 18% from profits after tax in 2022 and the last registration date was on 25 July 2023. On 02 August 2023, the Bank completed the issuance of an additional 552,014,917 shares;
- According to Resolution No. 30/NQ-HDQT dated 19 October 2022, Board of Directors of the Bank decided to issue shares to pay dividends at the rate of 15% from profits after tax in 2021 and the lats regislation date was on 24 November 2022. On 01 December 2022, the Bank completed the issuance of an additional 400,013,397 shares.

Details of common shares for calculation of basic earnings as follows:

		Prior period
	Current period	(Restated)
	Share	Share
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share	3,619,397,293	3,619,397,293
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share	3,619,397,293	3,619,397,293
Basic earnings per share	•	
		Prior period
	Current period	(Restated)
	VND	VND
Earnings per share	1,335	1,281

The basic earnings per share for the 6-month period ended 30 June 2022 are restated as followed:

	Current period	Prior period (Restated)
Profit for the period attributable to common shareholders (VND Million)	4,636,475	4,636,475
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share (Share)	2,667,369,799	3,619,397,293
Basic earnings per share (VND)	1,738	1,281

### 29. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND Million	VND Million
Cash	1,443,956	1,897,545
Balances with the State Bank	30,143,998	15,145,862
Current deposits at other credit institutions	25,678,812	32,874,344
Placements with other credit institutions with terms not exceeding 3 months	27,045,690	19,582,341
<u> </u>	84,312,456	69,500,092

### 30. Other off-balance sheet activities for which credit institutions are subject to significant risks

	Closing balance	Opening balance
_	VND Million	VND Million
Contingent liabilities	26,771,888	35,205,575
Credit guarantees	20,766	23,856
Letters of Credit	12,078,511	19,146,337
Other guarantees	14,672,611	16,035,382
Commitments	9,356,888	38,872,143
Foreign exchange transactions commitments	9,356,888	38,872,143
<del>-</del>	36,128,776	74,077,718

### 31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

List of related parties which have significant balances and transactions during the period

Related party	<u>Relationship</u>
SHB Finance Company Limited ("SHB FC")	Associate (from 09 June 2023) and subsidiary (until
	08 June 2023)
T&T Group Joint Stock Company	Major shareholders
Saigon- Hanoi Insurance Corporation	Entity with common key management members
Saigon - Hanoi Securities Joint Stock Company	Entity with common key management members

Details of significant balances with related parties during the 6-month period ended 30 June 2023 are as follows:

	Receivables	/ (Payables)
	Closing balance	Opening balance
_	VND Million	VND Million
SHB FC		
- Contributed capital	500,000	1,000,000
- Demand and term deposits received	(309,774)	(114,110)
- Demand and term deposits	3,313,000	3,123,500
- Accrued interest payables on deposits	(2)	(21)
- Accrued interest receivables on deposits	31,770	25,878
T&T Group Joint Stock Company		
- Capital contribution received	(3,066,852)	(3,066,852)
- Demand deposits received	(71,790)	(202,230)
- Accrued interest payables on deposits	(731)	(1,044)
Saigon- Hanoi Insurance Corporation		
- Contributed capital	42,857	42,857
- Demand deposits received	(592,699)	(470,001)
- Accrued interest payables on deposits	(4,501)	(4,554)
Saigon - Hanoi Securities Joint Stock Company		
- Demand deposits received	(6,551,504)	(8,143,061)
- Accrued interest payables on deposits	(193,306)	(69,354)
- Loans	100,000	111,000
- Accrued interest receivables on loans	1,603	274



### 32. GEOGRAPHICAL STRUCTURE OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND OFF-BALANCE-SHEET ITEMS AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

					Trading and
					investment
				Deveritives	securities
				(Difference	(Difference
	Total loan		Credit	between Debit -	between Debit -
	balance	<b>Total deposits</b>	commitments	Credit)	Credit)
	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million
Domestic	410,116,936	460,323,670	26,459,340	145,447	33,783,864
Overseas	13,732,350	4,263,933	312,548	<u> </u>	
	423,849,286	464,587,603	26,771,888	145,447	33,783,864

### 33. SEGMENT REPORTS

A business segment is a distinguishable component of the Bank that is engaged in providing products and services and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments.

A geographical segment is a distinguishable component the Bank that is engaged in providing products and services and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of components operating in other economic environments.

Primary segment report of the Bank is business segment report; secondary segment report of the Bank is geographical segment report.

### **Business segment report**

ITEMS	Credit	Investment VND Million	Services VND Million	Treasury VND Million	Total VND Million
	AND MIIIIOU	AMD MILLION	AIAD IAIIII011	VIVD WIIIION	VIAD MINION
Business segment income					
Interest and similar income	26,938,758	1,560,205	-	620,955	29,119,918
Income from services	_	-	533,782	_	533,782
Net gain from trading foreign currencies	-	129,400	-	-	129,400
Net gain from trading securities	-	794	-	-	794
Net gain from investment securities	-	28,346	-	-	28,346
Other income	_	-	145,580	-	145,580
Income from capital contribution, share purchase	-	684,523	<b>-</b>	-	684,523
At 30.06.2023					
Assets	456,236,969	35,435,249	8,943,916	84,653,716	585,269,850
1. Segment assets	434,195,893	35,394,453	180,150	84,520,202	554,290,698
2. Allocated assets	22,041,076	40,796	8,763,766	133,514	30,979,152
Liabilities 1. Segment liabilities 2. Allocated liabilities	<b>(5,514,899)</b> (973,347) (4,541,552)	( <b>8,406</b> ) - (8,406)	(1,870,604) (64,836) (1,805,768)	(530,262,399) (530,234,889) (27,510)	(537,656,308) (531,273,072) (6,383,236)

### Geographical segment report

ITEMS	Northern	Southern	Central	Overseas	Total
Dusiness sagment	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million
Business segment income					
Interest and similar	7,527,892	1,691,728	415,486	316,424	9,951,530
income	,,	_,,,,	,22,,23	220,121	0,002,000
Income from services	194,215	143,813	13,182	409	351,619
Income from trading	115,211	15,538	2,763	(4,112)	129,400
foreign currencies					
Net gain/(loss) from	794	-	-	-	794
trading securities Net gain/(loss) from	26 071	1.050	425		20.246
investment securities	26,871	1,050	425		28,346
Other income	137,835	6,654	1,745	(654)	145,580
Income from capital	684,523	-	<u> </u>	(05-1)	684,523
contribution, share	•				,
purchase					
Operating expenses	(1,587,068)	(441,077)	(205,537)	(62,766)	(2,296,448)
Net profit from	7,100,273	1,417,706	228,064	249,301	8,995,344
operating expenses					
before provision	/2.405.010\	(467 400)	(22.005)	(45.047)	(0.044.004)
Provision expenses for credit losses	(2,405,010)	(467,182)	(22,085)	(16,817)	(2,911,094)
Segment profit before	4,695,263	950,524	205,979	232,484	6,084,250
tax	4,033,203	330,324	203,373	232,404	0,004,230
		-•			
ITEMS	Northern	Southern	Central	Overseas	Total
_	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million
Assets					
Cash, gold and	860,150	390,048	142,399	<b>51,35</b> 9	1,443,956
gemstones	20.046.720	20.402	46.057	1 222 222	00445000
Balances with the State Bank of Vietnam	29,016,739	20,193	16,857	1,090,209	30,143,998
("SBV")					
Placements with and	68,230,420	2,702	4,413	684,862	68,922,397
loans to other credit	,,	_,	1,125	00.,002	00,522,557
institutions					
Loans to customers	297,856,747	69,324,442	20,149,354	13,301,437	400,631,980
Financial investment	34,258,811	54	-	-	34,258,865
Fixed assets	4,909,140	57,691	23,606	7,512	4,997,949
Other assets	8,236,583	19,166,085	17,113,433	354,604	44,870,705
TOTAL ASSETS	443,368,590	88,961,215	37,450,062	15,489,983	585,269,850
Liabilities					
Deposits and	55,329,771	892	112	9,243,322	64,574,097
borrowings from the					• •
Government and the					
SBV and other credit					
institutions					
Deposits from	295,508,344	80,102,312	31,026,103	2,981,556	409,618,315
Customers Other mobilization	DE KAN NOT	A 2A7 6A2	2 762 540		40 744 427
Other mobilization Other liabilities	35,600,985 11,964,191	4,347,643 3,559,845	3,762,549 2,455,316	- 1,773,367	43,711,177 19,752,719
TOTAL LIABILITIES	398,403,291	88,010,692	37,244,080	13,998,245	537,656,308
<del> </del>	,,	,, <del></del>	,,000		,000,000

### 34. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES RELATED TO FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

SHB's orientation is to become a diversified financial group. Therefore, the use of financial instruments, including funding from customers (in terms of deposit products and valuable papers issued) and investments in high quality financial assets have become key activities to help SHB gain necessary interest rate gaps. From the risk management perspective, SHB is required to maintain the structure of assets, liabilities, and equity (including balance sheet items and off-balance sheet items) for the purpose of ensuring safety and mitigating risks in banking activities. In addition, SHB has invested in securities or granted credit facilities to other banks. The risks related to currency and interest rates have been managed through applying position limits to restrict over-concentration and simultaneously participating in activities with balancing impact to minimize risks. By holding various assets being high quality financial instruments, the structure of SHB's consolidated statement of financial position is able to protect SHB from significant risks during its business processes and ensure liquidity. In addition, SHB has been also involved in many hedging transactions related to financial instruments such as foreign currency swaps for the purpose of managing interest rate risk.

In the process of credit risk management, SHB has adopted the Credit Handbook which provides in detail the lending policies and procedures as well as implementation guidance on standardization of SHB's credit activities. Liquidity risk is limited by holding appropriate amounts of cash and cash equivalents as Nostro accounts, term deposits at the SBV and other credit institutions and valuable papers. The safety ratio with risk factors taken into account are also used to manage liquidity risk. SHB has regularly assessed interest rate gaps, compared to the gaps of domestic markets and international markets to make timely adjustments. In addition, the application of internal risk management processes has become more efficient owing to the development of the Centralised Capital Management System and Centralised Payment System in which all capital and payment transactions of SHB are executed by the Head Office. Such centralisation has also helped SHB to monitor capital movements more effectively and reduce any possible errors and unnecessarily complicated procedures.

### 35. CURRENCY RISK

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument fluctuates due to changes in foreign exchange rates. SHB was incorporated and operated in Vietnam, with Vietnamese Dong as its reporting currency. The major currency in which SHB transacts is Vietnamese Dong. SHB's loans and advances were mainly denominated in Vietnamese Dong and United States Dollar. However, some of SHB's other assets are in currencies other than Vietnamese Dong and United States Dollar. SHB's management has set limits on positions by currency based on the internal risk assessment system of SHB and regulations of the SBV. Positions are monitored on a daily basis and hedging strategies used to ensure positions are maintained within established limits.

The book values of the Bank's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities as at 30 June 2023 are as follows:

			Other currencies	
ITEMS	EUR equivalent	<b>USD</b> equivalent	equivalent	Total
	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million
Assets				1
Cash	23,748	277,006	9,784	310,538
Balances with the State Bank	2,301	5,396,350	112,472	5,511,123
Placements with and loans to other credit institutions (*)	132,157	5,753,431	165,128	6,050,716
Loans to customers (*)	434,850	12,640,073	1,775,173	14,850,096
Fixed assets	1	609'9	305	7,511
Other assets (*)	4,605,374	8,904,411	47,926	13,557,711
Total assets	5,198,430	32,977,880	2,111,385	40,287,695
Liabilities and owners' equity				
Deposits and borrowings from other credit institutions	•	15,599,587	30,902	15,630,489
Deposits from customers	136,224	8,806,473	795,880	9,738,577
Derivative financial instruments and other financial liabilities	t	4,591,918	10,947	4,602,865
Grants, trusted funds and borrowings at risk of the credit institution	434,850	250,028		684,878
Other liabilities (*)	4,612,382	2,298,400	27,191	6,937,973
Capital and reserves	1	1,173,411	729,342	1,902,753
Total liabilities and owners' equity	5,183,456	32,719,817	1,594,262	39,497,535
Balance sheet currency position	14,974	258,063	517,123	790,160
Off-balance sheet currency position		(1,566)	1,564	(2)
Total currency position	14,974	256,497	518,687	790,158

<sup>(\*)</sup> Excluding provision.

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### 36. INTEREST RATE RISK

SHB's operation are subject to the risk of interest rate fluctuations to the extent that interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities mature at different times or in differing amounts. Some assets have indefinite maturities or interest rate sensitivities and are not readily matched with specific liabilities.

SHB adopts a n interest risk measurement method for all assets – liabilities items with items with respect to interest income. SHB also establishes and applies a limit system and decision authority at each level based on results of risk measurement for each category.

The following tables show SHB's assets and liabilities categorized by the contractual re-pricing or maturity date and the interest rates at the end of the annual accounting period.

Time limit for repricing of interest rates is the remaining period from the end of the annual accounting period to the most recent repricing of interest rates of assets and equity items.

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## SAIGON – HANOI COMMERCIAL JOINT STOCK BANK NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The table below shows the Bank's exposure to interest rate risk as at 30 June 2023:

	J	Overdue				Current	ent		ļ	
	Non - interest	Over 3	Within 3	l	From 1 to 3	From 3 to 6	From 6 to 12	From 1 to 5	Over 5	
	bearing	months	months	month	months	months	months	years	years	Total
	VND Million VND Million		VND Million VND Million VND Million	ND Million V	ND Million	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million V	VND Million VND Million VND Million VND Million	D Million
Assets									•	
Cash	1,443,956	•	•	ı	•	•	1	1		1,443,956
Balances with the State Bank	1	•	1	30,143,998	•	1	1	•	- 30	30,143,998
Placements with and loans to other credit	1	1	1	57,980,984	5,809,916	766,497	4,365,000	119,162	-	69,041,559
institutions (*)	1									ć
Trading securities (*)	3,881	•	ı	Ī	1	ı	•	ı	t	3,881
Derivative financial instruments and other	145,447	ı	4		t	•	•	1	•	145,447
financial assets										
Loans to customers (*)	•	12,301,784	11,391,931 107,022,371 220,936,209	07,022,371 2	20,936,209	14,664,399	13,933,753	24,116,760	ব	,634,077
Investment securities (*)	29,454	ı	•	1	4,994,893	6,249,458	672,974	1,524,931	20,308,273 33	33,779,983
Capital contribution, long-term	494,172	1	1	ı	•	1	•	•	1	494,172
investments (*)										
Fixed assets	4,997,949	ı	•	ı	•	•	1	•		4,997,949
Other assets (*)	19,169,593	52,887	•	7,276,674	8,310,409	5,038,380	2,269,881	2,341,083	530,958 44	44,989,865
Total assets	26,284,452	12,354,671	11,391,931 2	202,424,027 2	240,051,427	26,718,734	21,241,608	28,101,936	24,106,101 592,674,887	,674,887
Liabilities										
Borrowings from the Government and the	•	•	1	173,202	141,734	930,160	129,628	ı	,	1,374,724
SBV										
Deposits and borrowings from other credit	•	ı	I	50,795,141	4,752,323	4,809,137	2,289,861	550,842	2,069 63	63,199,373
institutions									•	1
Deposits from customers	•	1	•	83,132,998	74,390,374	125,732,774	100,304,320	26,052,833	9	,618,315
Grants, trusted funds and borrowings at	ŀ	1	•	206,176	40,574	59,435	89,302	649,960	406,909	1,452,356
risk of the credit institutions		-								
Valuable papers issued	•	1	•	4,238,256	5,619,189	6,147,878	24,903,471	1,350,027		42,258,821
Other liabilities (*)	6,511,767	1	•	2,450,673	3,210,969	3,695,399	3,002,065	794,715	87,131 19	19,752,719
Total liabilities	6,511,767		T -	140,996,446	88,155,163	141,374,783	130,718,647	29,398,377	501,125 537,656,308	,656,308
Balance sheet net interest gap	19,772,685	12,354,671	11,391,931	61,427,581 1	51,896,264 (	151,896,264 (114,656,049) (109,477,039)	(109,477,039)	(1,296,441)	23,604,976 55	55,018,579
Off-balance sheet commitments affecting	(3)	!   '		   ' 	١	1	1	ı	•	(3)
to sensitivity with assets and liabilities'										
interest rate			- 1					ļ		
Total net interest rate gap	19,772,682	12,354,671	11,391,931	61,427,581 1	51,896,264 (	151,896,264 (114,656,049)	(109,477,039)	(1,296,441)	23,604,976 55	55,018,576
(*) Excluding provision.										

### 37. LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk arises in the general funding of SHB's activities and in the management of currency positions. It includes both the risk of being unable to fund assets at appropriate maturities and rates and the risks of being unable to liquidate an asset at a reasonable price and in an appropriate time frame.

SHB adoptes a risk measurement method that is appropriate to its operation scale and the availability of the information system, ensuring meeting the requirements for the risk mitigation. It includes indicators related to cash flows, ability of capital mobilization, and ability of asset liquidity of SHB. SHB also establishes and applies a limit system and decision authority at each level based on results of risk measurement for each category.

The following table provides an analysis of the assets and liabilities of SHB in terms of relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to repayment date. In practice, the actual maturity of assets or liabilities may differ from contractual terms based on the appendix to the contracts which may exist.

The table below shows the Bank's exposure to liquidity risk as at 30 June 2023:

	Overdue				Current	•	1	
1	Over 03	Within 03	Within 01	From 01 to 03	From 03 to 12	From 01 to 05	Over 05	
	months	months	month	months	months	years	years	Total
, .	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million	VND Million
Assets								
Cash	•	1	1,443,956	l	1	•	•	1,443,956
Balances with the State Bank	•	Ī	30,143,998	ı	1	1	•	30,143,998
Placements with and loans to other	1	Ī	57,980,984	5,809,916	5,131,497	119,162	•	69,041,559
credit institutions (*)								
Trading securities (*)	ı	•	3,881	1	ı	ı	1	3,881
Derivative financial instruments and	l	ſ	63,895	18,681	62,871	•	•	145,447
other financial assets								
Loans to customers (*)	12,301,784	11,391,931	28,203,790	53,116,402	110,314,889	137,004,328	55,300,953	407,634,077
Investment securities (*)	ı	•	1	941,750	1,652,212	5,183,992	26,002,029	33,779,983
Capital contribution, long-term	ı	•	•	ı	ı	1	494,172	494,172
investments (*)								
Fixed assets	1	ı	1,685,694	71	851	90,523	3,220,810	4,997,949
Other assets (*)	52,887	ı	24,949,116	8,397,534	8,437,144	2,685,391	467,793	44,989,865
Total assets	12,354,671	11,391,931	144,475,314	68,284,354	125,599,464	145,083,396	85,485,757	592,674,887
Liabilities								
Borrowings from the Government	1	•	173,202	141,734	1,059,788	•	•	1,374,724
and the SBV								
Deposits and borrowings from other	•		49,976,229	1,668,985	7,098,998	4,453,092	2,069	63,199,373
credit institutions								1
Deposits from customers	1	•	86,307,413	71,215,959	226,037,094	26,052,833	5,016	409,618,315
Grants, trusted funds and borrowings		ı	3,448	40,574	283,874	717,551	406,909	1,452,356
at risk of the credit institution								
Valuable papers issued	•	•	2,899,999	3,600,000	14,192,710	11,867,164	9,698,948	42,258,821
Other liabilities (*)	1	r	6,423,522	7,418,473	3,126,587	2,316,424	467,713	19,752,719
Total liabilities		t	145,783,813	84,085,725	251,799,051	45,407,064	10,580,655	537,656,308
Net liquidity difference	12,354,671	11,391,931	(1,308,499)	(15,801,371)	(126,199,587)	99,676,332	74,905,102	55,018,579

### (\*) Excluding provisions.

### 38. CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the possibility that the Bank may incur losses because its customers do not perform or fail to perform their contractual obligations. The Bank controls and manages credit risk by setting credit limits based on the risk tolerance level that the Bank specifies for individual customers and each industry and setting up the medium and long-term credit limit suitable for the structure of mobilization.

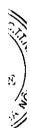
The Bank has established a credit quality review process to provide early identification of possible changes in financial position, repayment ability of debtors based on qualitative and quantitative factors. Credit limit for each customer is determined by the use of the credit scoring system, in which each customer is classified at a certain risk level. Customer's risk level is updated regularly. The Bank controls and manages credit risk by establishing an authorization limit for each branch based on its credit portfolio quality, management capability and geographical potentiality.

The Bank has developed a number of customer policies in order to select good customers and have suitable and consistent policies applicable to each customer. The Bank has developed a diversified range of products to meet customers' demands and established credit appraisal and approval procedures at branches and the Head Office for consistent implementation in the Bank's entire system to mitigate operational risks. In addition, in order to strengthen secured methods for loans and minimize operational risks, the Bank has also issued detailed guidance on guarantees for loans.

### Credit quality for assets with credit risk is fallen within the debt classification scope of Circular 11

Detailed analysis of credit quality for assets with credit risk in accordance with Circular 11 of the Bank is described below:

· .	Closing balance	Opening balance
Summary of debt group according to Circular 11	VND Million	VND Million
Current loans	447,480,520	422,257,960
Special-mentioned loans	11,391,931	6,735,687
Sub-standard loans	2,187,686	1,611,827
Doubtful loans	3,555,795	1,898,472
Loss loans	6,677,465	7,442,451
Total debt according to Circular 11	471,293,397	439,946,397
Bad debt	12,420,946	10,952,750
Bad debt ratio	2.64%	2.49%



### 39. EXCHANGE RATES OF SOME FOREIGN CURRENCIES AT THE END OF THE PERIOD

	Closing balance	Opening balance
	VND	VND
USD	23,650	23,500
EUR	25,629	24,770
GBP	29,774	28,402
CHF	26,240	25,514
JPY	163.00	178
SGD	17,396	17,549
AUD	15,638	15,983
HKD	3,011.0	3,024
CAD	17,787	17,401
CŇY	3,252.0	3,392
LAK	1.2359	1.3598
XAU	6,671,000	6,631,000

### 40. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE

Except for the event of issuing shares to pay dividends (as details in Note 20.3), no events occurred after the statement of financial position date that have a material effect on the operations of the Bank, its financial position and the results of those operations that require adjustment or disclosure in the interim consolidated financial statements.

Prepared by

Approved by

Ngo Thi Van

Approved by

THƯƠNG MẠI CỔ PHẦN

800278630

Nguyen Thi Lien

Head of Accounting and General

General Chief Accountant

**Affairs Department** 

KIBIRO Thursa

**Chief Executive Officier** 

25 August 2023